

118TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. _____

To provide for the establishment of hybrid primary care payments under the Medicare program, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

_____ introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To provide for the establishment of hybrid primary care payments under the Medicare program, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “_____ Act of
5 _____”.

6 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

7 Congress makes the following findings:

- 8 (1) Transformation of primary care practices
9 serves as an essential foundation for improving
10 health and life outcomes for Medicare beneficiaries,

1 particularly for those with multiple chronic condi-
2 tions and complex needs, mental health challenges,
3 or living in rural and other socioeconomically chal-
4 lenged communities.

5 (2) Research has shown that 25 percent or
6 more of primary care activities are not recognized
7 for payment under most fee schedules, including the
8 Medicare physician fee schedule, largely because
9 these activities reflect a wide range of high fre-
10 quency, brief activities that cannot efficiently be paid
11 fee-for-service and because the billing costs for sub-
12 mitting claims for such services would usually exceed
13 the value of payment.

14 (3) Fee-for-service is ill-suited to support many
15 elements of practice transformation to produce effec-
16 tive primary care, such as developing and maintain-
17 ing multi-disciplinary team-based care strategies
18 that leverage clinicians such as nurse practitioners,
19 physician assistants, nutritionists, and pharmacists,
20 and coordinating care with other clinicians and so-
21 cial service providers.

22 (4) Research has shown that primary care rep-
23 resents a much smaller percentage of total health
24 care spending by payers, regardless of type of insur-
25 ance coverage, in the United States than in other

1 wealthy nations, and that higher percentage of total
2 spending that is devoted to primary care services is
3 associated with lower overall health care spending,
4 and in the Medicare Shared Savings Program, with
5 higher savings performance by accountable care or-
6 ganizations led by physician groups.

7 (5) A composite, prospective payment would
8 provide primary care practices with more predictable
9 and flexible revenues to support such elements of ef-
10 fective primary care and help appropriately value
11 services and activities performed by primary care
12 providers and critical services not currently paid for.

13 (6) Payments for some physician services under
14 the Medicare program, including many that produce
15 substantial spending under the Medicare program,
16 have major distortions.

17 (7) Determination of payments for physician
18 services under the Medicare program currently be-
19 gins with subjective survey-based estimates of clini-
20 cian time and effort per discrete service. This ap-
21 proach to valuing physician services is inconsistent
22 with the comprehensive and continuous nature of
23 primary care.

24 (8) Studies have found that payment levels in
25 the Medicare physician fee schedule reflect estimates

1 of clinician time per service for a variety of services
2 that are particularly inaccurate.

3 (9) The extreme complexity of having more
4 than 8,000 billing codes in the Medicare physician
5 fee schedule risks inaccuracy in estimations of rel-
6 ative values for closely related procedures and ob-
7 scures distortions in pricing that grow over time for
8 specific services.

9 **SEC. 3. ESTABLISHING HYBRID PRIMARY CARE PAYMENT**
10 **IN MEDICARE.**

11 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of Health and
12 Human Services (in this section referred to as the “Sec-
13 retary”) may establish within the Medicare physician fee
14 schedule established under section 1848(b) of the Social
15 Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395w–4(b)), hybrid payments
16 only to be available to primary care providers, as defined
17 in the shared savings program under section 1899 of such
18 Act (42 U.S.C. 1395jjj).

19 (b) HYBRID PAYMENTS.—

20 (1) IN GENERAL.—Such hybrid payments may
21 be comprised of the sum of—

22 (A) prospective, per-member-per-month
23 payments; and

24 (B) fee-for-service payments.

1 (2) DETERMINATION OF AMOUNT OF PROSPEC-
2 TIVE, PER-MEMBER-PER-MONTH PAYMENT.—

3 (A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the pre-
4 ceding provisions of this subsection, the total
5 prospective, per-member-per-month payment—

6 (i) may represent between 40 and 70
7 percent of expected annual total allowed
8 charges derived from the Medicare physi-
9 cian fee schedule for primary care pro-
10 viders of services and suppliers;

11 (ii) should be at least actuarially
12 equivalent to the applicable physician fee
13 schedule amounts for the services included
14 within the total prospective, per-member-
15 per-month payment; and

16 (iii) should be calculated based on his-
17 toric Medicare payments for those services
18 which would included as part of the pro-
19 spective, per-member-per-month payment.

20 (B) APPLICATION OF CERTAIN FACTORS.—

21 The Secretary may consider applying percent-
22 ages different from those specified in subpara-
23 graph (A) for different types of primary care
24 providers based on factors such as historical

1 fee-for-service revenue patterns or quality per-
2 formance of the provider.

3 (C) RISK ADJUSTMENT.—The Secretary
4 may assess the need to risk adjust the prospec-
5 tive, per-member-per-month payment and de-
6 velop appropriate risk adjustment methodolo-
7 gies, taking into consideration only those fac-
8 tors that predict levels of primary care service
9 utilization. Risk adjustment methodologies may
10 incorporate clinical diagnoses, demographic fac-
11 tors, and other relevant information such as so-
12 cial determinants of health.

13 (c) CATEGORIZATION OF SERVICES.—

14 (1) IN GENERAL.—For such hybrid payments,
15 the Secretary may create categories of different serv-
16 ices that are wholly reimbursed under the Medicare
17 physician fee schedule, but may not include services
18 for which reimbursement occurs partly through
19 other payment schedules under the Medicare pro-
20 gram.

21 (2) SERVICES INCLUDED IN PROSPECTIVE, PER-
22 MEMBER-PER-MONTH PAYMENT.—The Secretary
23 may include the following types of services in the
24 prospective, per-member-per-month payment under
25 this section:

1 (A) Care management services.

2 (B) Communications such as emails, phone
3 calls, and patient portals with patients and
4 their caregivers.

5 (C) Behavioral health integration services.

6 (D) Office-based evaluation and manage-
7 ment visits, regardless of modality, for new and
8 established patients.

9 (3) CLARIFICATION REGARDING FEE-FOR-SERV-
10 ICE PAYMENT FOR OTHER SERVICES.—For such hy-
11 brid payments, the Secretary may continue to pay
12 through reduced fee-for-service payments for all
13 other services not specified in paragraph (2) under
14 the Medicare physician fee schedule, including
15 screenings, preventive services, annual wellness visits
16 (as defined in section 1861(hhh) of the Social Secu-
17 rity Act (42 U.S.C. 1395x(hhh))), vaccinations, and
18 initial preventive physical examinations (as defined
19 in section 1861(ww) of such Act (42 U.S.C.
20 1395x(ww))).

21 (d) IDENTIFICATION OF QUALITY MEASURES.—The
22 Secretary may identify quality measures with respect to
23 primary care providers that receive hybrid payment under
24 this section to safeguard health outcomes for Medicare
25 beneficiaries, and reward high quality performance

1 through mechanisms such as annual bonus payments.
2 Quality measures may be identified using existing mecha-
3 nisms such as those approved for use in the Accountable
4 Care Organization/Patient-Centered Medical Home/Pri-
5 mary Care Core Set agreed to by members of the Core
6 Quality Measure Collaborative. Measurement may address
7 areas such as—

8 (1) patient experience;

9 (2) clinical quality measures;

10 (3) service utilization, including measures of
11 rates of emergency department visits and hos-
12 pitalizations; and

13 (4) efficiency in referrals, which may include
14 measures of the comprehensiveness of services that
15 the primary care provider furnishes.

16 (e) **ATTRIBUTION.**—The Secretary shall establish
17 procedures under which a beneficiary is attributed to a
18 primary care provider using historical claims data and the
19 beneficiary affirms that the provider is their primary care
20 provider.

21 (f) **EXCLUSION FROM MIPS.**—Section
22 1848(q)(1)(C)(ii) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
23 1395w-4(q)(1)(c)(ii)) is amended—

24 (1) in subclause (II), by striking “or” at the
25 end;

1 mented, and annually thereafter, the Secretary shall sub-
2 mit to Congress a report on the implementation of such
3 subsection, including an analysis of—

4 (1) whether the waiver of beneficiary cost-shar-
5 ing under such subsection has impacted beneficiary
6 utilization of primary care services that may be re-
7 imbursed through the newly established per-member-
8 per-month payment; and

9 (2) whether the Secretary has observed any in-
10 stances of fraud or abuse associated with the waiver
11 of such cost-sharing, and whether the Secretary has
12 taken steps to minimize any such fraud or abuse.

13 **SEC. 5. ESTABLISHING A NEW TECHNICAL ADVISORY COM-**
14 **MITTEE ON RELATIVE VALUE UPDATES AND**
15 **REVISIONS.**

16 Section 1848(c)(2) of the Social Security Act (42
17 U.S.C. 1395w-4(c)(2)) is amended by adding at the end
18 the following new subparagraph:

19 “(P) ESTABLISHMENT OF TECHNICAL AD-
20 VISORY COMMITTEE ON RELATIVE VALUE UP-
21 DATES AND REVISIONS.—

22 “(i) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary
23 shall establish a technical advisory com-
24 mittee (in this section referred to as the
25 ‘committee’) within the Centers for Medi-

1 care & Medicaid Services to provide the
2 Secretary with technical input regarding
3 the accurate determination of relative value
4 units under this paragraph.

5 “(ii) MEMBERSHIP.—

6 “(I) IN GENERAL.—The com-
7 mittee shall be composed of 13 mem-
8 bers appointed by the Secretary from
9 among individuals—

10 “(aa) reflecting diverse expe-
11 riences in provider payment, in-
12 cluding providers billing the
13 Medicare program under this
14 title, providers providing care
15 under the laws administered by
16 the Secretary of Veterans Affairs
17 or the Secretary of Defense, and
18 providers in primary care or fam-
19 ily medicine (as defined for pur-
20 poses of the shared savings pro-
21 gram under section 1899); and

22 “(bb) with technical exper-
23 tise in Medicare payment policies.

24 “(II) CHAIR.—1 of the members
25 appointed under subclause (I) shall be

1 a representative of personnel of the
2 Centers for Medicare & Medicaid
3 Services, and that member shall serve
4 as chair of the committee.

5 “(iii) STAFF.—The committee shall be
6 staffed by personnel of the Centers for
7 Medicare & Medicaid Services.

8 “(iv) DUTIES.—The committee shall
9 advise the Secretary on an ongoing basis
10 regarding the determination of relative
11 value units under the physician fee sched-
12 ule through duties such as the following:

13 “(I) Designing new valuation
14 methodologies the Secretary may use
15 to determine the time and resource
16 use by health professionals associated
17 with furnishing services or other new
18 approaches to determining relative re-
19 sources for each HCPCS code. The
20 committee may prioritize furnished
21 services that are most common or rep-
22 resent the services with the highest al-
23 lowed charges.

24 “(II) Advising on research and
25 development relevant to the deter-

1 mination of relative value units for in-
2 dividual HCPCS codes.

3 “(III) Providing recommenda-
4 tions with respect to changes in valu-
5 ations of current HCPCS codes based
6 upon any newly developed valuation
7 methodologies.

8 “(IV) Evaluating whether exist-
9 ing HCPCS codes within the same
10 family of services should be collapsed
11 to result in fewer payment codes.

12 “(V) Identifying opportunities for
13 bundling or unbundling services for
14 payment purposes.

15 “(VI) Assessing the operational
16 burden of new approaches on physi-
17 cians and other suppliers and bene-
18 ficiaries while also considering the
19 vulnerabilities of new approaches on
20 overt fraud and abuse.

21 “(VII) Assessing the impacts of
22 these new approaches and potential
23 adoption on beneficiary access, finan-
24 cial liabilities, quality of care, and
25 health disparities.

1 “(v) FUNDING.—

2 “(I) IMPLEMENTATION.—The
3 Secretary may provide for the trans-
4 fer, from the Federal Supplementary
5 Medical Insurance Trust Fund under
6 section 1841, such amounts as are
7 necessary to carry out this subsection
8 (other than research and development
9 under clause (iv)(II)) (not to exceed
10 \$5,000,000) for each of fiscal years
11 2025 through 2029. Any amounts
12 transferred under the preceding sen-
13 tence for a fiscal year shall remain
14 available until expended

15 “(II) RESEARCH AND DEVELOP-
16 MENT.—The Secretary may provide
17 for the transfer, from the Federal
18 Supplementary Medical Insurance
19 Trust Fund under section 1841, such
20 amounts as are necessary to carry out
21 research and development under
22 clause (iv)(II) (not to exceed
23 \$10,000,000) for each of fiscal years
24 2025 through 2029. Any amounts
25 transferred under the preceding sen-

1 tence for a fiscal year shall remain
2 available until expended.

3 “(vi) DURATION.—The Commission
4 shall terminate not later than the expira-
5 tion of the 5-year period beginning on the
6 date of its establishment.”.