

119TH CONGRESS
2^D SESSION

S. RES. _____

Recognizing World Oceans Day and celebrating the maritime heritage, ocean leadership, fisheries stewardship, and coastal communities of the United States.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

_____ submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on _____

RESOLUTION

Recognizing World Oceans Day and celebrating the maritime heritage, ocean leadership, fisheries stewardship, and coastal communities of the United States.

Whereas the ocean has shaped the history, security, economy, and identity of the United States since its founding;

Whereas 2026 marks the 250th anniversary of the United States of America;

Whereas, for 250 years, the United States has grown into a global maritime leader through naval strength, exploration, scientific discovery, commerce, shipbuilding, fisheries, aquaculture, and ocean innovation;

Whereas the United States is home to vibrant coastal communities and working waterfronts that serve as economic engines supporting millions of jobs in fishing, shipping,

tourism, energy, recreation, marine transportation, seafood production, research, and trade;

Whereas the ocean economy contributes trillions of dollars annually to the United States economy and supports millions of American workers;

Whereas generations of American fishermen, mariners, shipbuilders, scientists, members of the Armed Forces, port workers, and indigenous communities have contributed to the strength and prosperity of the United States;

Whereas the strength of the United States Navy, Coast Guard, and Marines has defended the shores of the United States, protected freedom of navigation, safeguarded international commerce, prevented the occurrence of illegal, unreported, and unregulated fishing from occurring in United States waters and abroad, and strengthened America's maritime leadership throughout the world;

Whereas the United States has developed world-class ports, maritime infrastructure, shipbuilding capacity, and ocean technology that have helped power economic growth and global trade;

Whereas the United States has preserved and celebrated its maritime heritage through historic ships, lighthouses, museums, waterfronts, and educational programs that honor the Nation's seafaring traditions;

Whereas the United States global leadership is due to its excellence in ocean science, mapping, exploration, and innovation through the work of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, academic institutions, Federal agencies, and private sector partners;

Whereas scientists estimate that a majority of the ocean remains unexplored, making ocean exploration one of the last great frontiers for scientific discovery and innovation;

Whereas 2026 marks the 50th anniversary of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), landmark bipartisan legislation that was signed into law in 1976;

Whereas the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act established a 200-mile exclusive economic zone, strengthened United States fisheries management, protected American fishermen from foreign overfishing, rebuilt fish stocks, and helped create one of the most successful and sustainable fisheries management systems in the world;

Whereas commercial, recreational, and Tribal fisheries support food security, sustain cultural traditions, strengthen coastal economies, and contribute to the maritime heritage of the United States;

Whereas American seafood producers, processors, and fishing communities continue to provide high-quality domestic seafood while supporting jobs and economic growth across the United States;

Whereas 2026 marks the 20th anniversary of the Marine Debris Program established under the Marine Debris Act (33 U.S.C. 1951 et seq.);

Whereas bipartisan efforts through the Save Our Seas Act of 2018 (Public Law 115–265; 132 Stat. 3742) and related legislation have strengthened the country’s response to marine debris, supported innovation and international engagement, and protected coastal communities, waterways, fisheries, and marine ecosystems;

Whereas marine debris and microplastics threatens navigation safety, coastal tourism, fisheries, working waterfronts, marine wildlife, and human well-being; and

Whereas World Oceans Day is celebrated annually on June 8 to recognize the importance of the ocean to the people, economy, heritage, and future of the United States and the world: Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved*, That the Senate—

2 (1) recognizes June 8, 2026, as World Oceans
3 Day;

4 (2) celebrates the ocean’s vital role in the his-
5 tory, heritage, economy, security, and future pros-
6 perity of the United States;

7 (3) honors the contributions of America’s fish-
8 ermen, mariners, members of the Armed Forces, sci-
9 entists, explorers, shipbuilders, port workers, indige-
10 nous communities, coastal communities, and working
11 waterfronts;

12 (4) recognizes the 50th anniversary of the Mag-
13 nuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Manage-
14 ment Act (16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) and its role in
15 strengthening American fisheries, supporting coastal
16 economies, preventing illegal, unreported, and un-
17 regulated fishing, protecting the country’s seafood
18 resources, and ensuring long-term fisheries steward-
19 ship for future generations;

1 (5) recognizes the 20th anniversary of the Ma-
2 rine Debris Program and bipartisan congressional
3 leadership through the Save Our Seas Act of 2018
4 (Public Law 115–265; 132 Stat. 3742) to reduce
5 marine debris and protect coastal communities and
6 waterways; and

7 (6) reaffirms the commitment of the United
8 States to advancing maritime leadership, ocean ex-
9 ploration, scientific discovery, economic opportunity,
10 and responsible stewardship of ocean resources for
11 future generations.